Revision: Paragraph Cut Up (Organization)

Sometimes, you can find the best way to organize your paper by cutting it up and organizing it in different ways.

- 1. Print your paper (You can use scrap paper, and you can single space the essay in order to save paper . just be sure to cross out the backside/scrap-side of each page).
- 2. If there are any paragraphs that go from the bottom of one page to the top of the next, use a numbering, lettering, or symbol system so you can keep these together, or use tape or a stapler to join them.
- 4. Cut your essay so that each paragraph is by itself on separate pieces of paper.
- 5. Cut away any excess white space from the end of the last paragraph. Now there should be no way to tell whether a paragraph is part of the introduction, the body, or the conclusion.
- 6. Shuffle the paragraphs.

Analysis:

- 1. Read the first paragraph and answer the following:
 - a. Does this paragraph have a clear topic sentence? If so, highlight it. If not, write a sentence or phrase that best describes what the paragraph is about in the margin. When you revise your electronic draft, you will need to add in clear topic sentences.
 - b. How many points does the paragraph cover? A good paragraph covers one point in depth. If your paragraph is covering more than one point, take scissors and cut the paragraph so that each point is on a separate slip of paper. When you revise your electronic draft, you will need to separate these points as well, making each one its own paragraph.
 - c. After doing letter b, you may discover that your paragraph no longer has any āļ`•dæāt } Ēbh^•& a a a bh e construction of the slip of paper. When you revise your electronic draft, you will need to build support for this point, expanding it and developing it more fully.
- Repeat the above three steps for each paragraph in the pile, noting topic sentences, separating points, and noting places to develop support as (to)-7(de)004C50052-0051000E00340056-500520